

# SKF Belt Frequency Meter user manual

User manual box edition



# General safety tips

Safety first – read and understand this manual before operating the SKF Belt Frequency Meter.

Never use your SKF Belt Frequency Meter on moving belts.

Switch off and isolate any belt drive system prior to taking tension measurements or attempting any other installation work.

Do not drop the meter or subject either the meter or the optical sensor to other sharp impact.

Do not put water, solvents (including cleaning solutions) or any other liquid on the unit. Clean meter and sensor with dry cotton cloth.

Do not pull on sensor cable. Disconnect sensor from meter by grasping the connector grip only.

Do not leave the unit in places that are humid, hot, dust filled or in direct sunlight.

Hint: When SKF Belt Frequency Meter is not used for a while, remove batteries and store unit in the case provided.

Do not use your SKF Belt Frequency Meter in any potentially explosive environment.

Do not disassemble or attempt to modify either the meter or the sensing head.

Local language versions of this manual can be downloaded from [www.skfptp.com/bfm](http://www.skfptp.com/bfm)

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# 1.0 Device description

The SKF Belt Frequency Meter is a two component system consisting of a hand-held meter attached to an optical sensor via an electronic cable. The sensor uses an infrared beam to detect the vibration of a belt strand and sends a signal to the meter. (The sensor includes an LED that produces an orange light beam to help aim the invisible infrared ray.) Comparing this input to the vibration of a quartz crystal, the meter computes the natural frequency of the belt. The result is shown in the display window as hertz (oscillations per second). The internal programming of the meter is also able to report the belt tension in units of force (either newton or pounds-force) provided the operator has entered the belt mass and span length using the manually operated key pad.

The meter operates on four "AA" batteries. Battery life is approximately 20 hours. The battery compartment is accessible at the back of the meter. This manual, a tuning fork for checking calibration and a storage case are included with the complete kit.



# 2.0 Quick start



# 3.0 Functions

## 3.1 Keys

ON/OFF

This key switches the meter on or off. If the meter is on and sits idle for more than 3 minutes, it automatically switches off to preserve battery life. When the meter is first switched on a battery check is made. See Section 3.4 for a description of the visual and audible low battery signal.

SPAN (m)

This key is used to enter the belt span length. The span key is held down while the UP or DOWN keys are used to set the belt span in metres. Releasing the SPAN key results in an audible beep to indicate the setting has been accepted. Pressing the SPAN key alone, shows the current setting.

MASS (kg/m)

This key is used to enter the belt mass. The mass key is held down while the UP or DOWN keys are used to set the belt mass in kg/m. Releasing the MASS key results in an audible beep to indicate the setting has been accepted. Pressing the MASS key alone shows the current setting.

Important Note:

Belt span and belt mass are required entries if tension results in force units (N or lbf) are desired. Entries must be in SI units (m and kg/m)

UP (Hz/N)

This key has two functions. The first is to increase either the SPAN or MASS parameters when used in conjunction with these keys. The second use is to toggle between the Hz and the newton measurement modes.

DOWN (Lbs)

This key has two functions. The first is to decrease either the SPAN or MASS parameters when used in conjunction with those keys. The second use is to toggle between the Hz and the pound measurement modes.

MEM 1

The memory keys allow up to 3 sets of belt parameters to be stored in the meter registry. Pressing the MEM 1 key recalls the first set of belt parameters and likewise for MEM 2 and MEM 3.

MEM 2

To store the belt parameters to a key, the belt span and mass parameters must first be entered and then immediately after release of either the SPAN or MASS keys the appropriate MEM key should be pressed. Two beeps indicate that the parameters have been successfully assigned to the key.

MEM 3

## 3.2 Audio/visual display

The SKF Belt Frequency Meter is an interactive tool. It provides both visual and audible communication with the operator. Each signal or combination of signals has a meaning. While all these signals are discussed in other sections of this manual, a compilation of all the available signals will be presented here.

Generally visual signals alone give measurement results while audible signals, either alone or in combination with a visual signal, indicate some operational step.



Frequency mode, results displayed as hertz



Tension displayed in newton



Tension displayed in pound-force.

### Visual measurement results

A line segment will appear to indicate the units associated with the number displayed

## Audible signals

Signal	When	Means
One Beep	Upon release of "Span" key	Input accepted
One Beep	Upon release of "Mass" key	Input accepted
One Beep	While sensor is aimed at vibrating belt	Measurement taken
Two Beeps	Upon pushing "Memory" key after releasing "Span" key	Span data has been stored
	Upon pushing "Memory" key after releasing "Mass" key	Mass data has been stored
Four Beeps	Combined with "0000" N display	Newton result is out of range
	Combined with "0000" lb display	Pound result is out of range
	After pushing "On" key combined with "zero" countdown	Low battery condition

### 3.3 Optical sensor

The sensor uses an invisible infrared beam to detect vibrations of the belt. A narrow angle orange LED generated beam is provided to guide the aiming of the sensor.

The very best signal from the belt is seen when the sensor is held perpendicular to the belt at the centre of the span at 9,5 mm (3/8 in) distance.

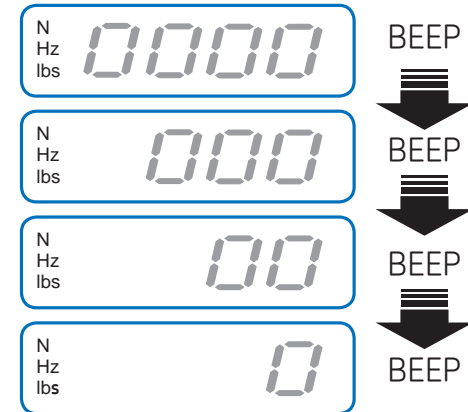
When physical restrictions are present, it is possible to get useable readings with the sensor up to 50 mm (2 in) distance from the belt and/or tipped up to 45° from perpendicular.

It is possible to take measurements from the edge of the belt. The toothed side of a belt is equally acceptable as a target for the sensor. The sensor LEDs should be kept clean by wiping with a soft cotton cloth. Solvents are never to be used.



### 3.4 Battery condition

When the SKF Belt Frequency Meter is first switched on, a battery condition check is automatically performed. A low battery condition is signalled both visually and audibly. The display window will flash an array of zeros, starting with four and progressing to only one. There will be an audible signal of four "beeps" as the display changes.



If these signals are seen and heard, batteries should be replaced. Batteries are accessed through the removable cover on the back of the meter. New batteries should be inserted within 30 seconds of removal of old batteries. Taking longer risks loss of any data stored by the memory keys. Batteries are expected to provide approximately 20 hours of continuous operation before replacement is required.

# 4.0 Setup and use procedure

## 3.5 Charging batteries

Do not charge batteries with the sensor head attached to the meter. Do not attempt to use the meter while batteries are being charged. Damage to the optical sensor could result.

The SKF Belt Frequency Meter is compatible with user supplied rechargeable batteries and charging unit. A convenient 3,5 mm, positive centre charging socket is located on the bottom end of the meter body adjacent to the sensor cable plug-in port.

Batteries: 1 300 mAh minimum (user supplied)  
Charging unit: 12 to 15 volt DC output (user supplied)  
Connection: 3,5 mm positive tip mini plug/socket

The built in circuit of the meter controls the charging current. Charging current is internally limited to 100 mA. Charging time is typically 12 to 14 hours for a full charge.

You may turn the unit on while charging. The meter's software will then signal that the batteries are charging. The display window will flash an array of zeros, starting with only one and progressing to four. There will be an audible signal of four 'beeps' as the display charges.

Suitable rechargeable batteries and charger may be obtained directly from IDS.

1. Plug sensor head into meter body. This is a keyed plug. Line it up, do not use force!



2. Turn unit on using **ON/OFF** .

3. Load span and mass data or recall previously loaded data.

To load span data simply hold down **SPAN (m)** while using **UP (Hz/N)** or **DOWN (Lbs)** to set the number.

When the correct number appears in the display window, simply release the span key. The unit will beep once to acknowledge acceptance of this setting.

To load mass data simply hold down **MASS (kg/m)** while using **UP (Hz/N)** or **DOWN (Lbs)** to set the number.

When the correct number appears in the display window, simply release the mass key. The unit will beep once to acknowledge acceptance of this setting.

To save individual entries into memory, press appropriate key

**MEM 1** , **MEM 2** or **MEM 3** .

As soon as the span or mass keys have been released, the meter will beep twice to acknowledge the entry into memory.

## 5.0 Operating tips

To recall stored data in working memory simply press **MEM 1**, **MEM 2** or **MEM 3**, depending upon where you stored the data for this specific drive. Afterwards press span or mass key in order to display the appropriate saved value (mass or span).

4. Aim sensor at centre of selected belt span. Tap or pluck the belt. The meter will beep once to indicate that a measurement was taken.



5. Display window will show frequency result.



6. Press **UP (Hz/N)** to toggle to newton.



7. Press **DOWN (Lbs)** to toggle to pounds.



Note: Pressing the same key a second time will return display to the hertz value.

8. Re-adjust belt tension and repeat measurement until target tension results are attained.

Here are some procedures and “best” practices that may ease use or help increase the reliability of your belt tensioning efforts.

Take your tension reading as close to the centre of the selected span as practical.

Use the longest belt span that can be readily accessed. Minimum useable span length is equal to 20 times the belt tooth pitch for synchronous belts and 30 times the belt top width for “V” configuration belts. Using too short a span yields indicated tensions that may be much higher than actual belt tension due to effects of belt stiffness.

Where possible, orientate the sensor head with the long edge of the sensor parallel to the centre-line of the belt. This tends to eliminate any non-reading conditions due to aiming error.

On new installations, rotate the system by hand at least one full revolution of the belt to seat and normalise the components.

If the top surface of the belt is not accessible, try to beam the sensor against the edge of the belt. The inside surface of the belt is equally acceptable.

The meter will not give a measurement for a belt under extremely low tension. Simply increase the drive tensioning until the meter responds. The meter will beep to indicate that a reading has been taken.

It is good practice to take three successive readings. This will show the consistency of your methods. If the readings vary by more than 10% reassess your measurement technique.

Taking multiple readings at different belt orientations may help you identify problems with other drive components. Tension excursions are indicative of component problems such as a bent shaft, poorly mounted sprocket or pulley or an irregular pulley groove.

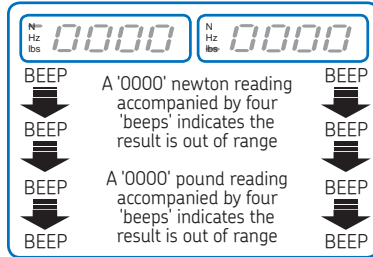
When tensioning an array of multiple V-belts, use a single belt toward the centre of the array. Please, also check the tension of the belts on each side of the array in order to secure that there is no angular misalignment between the pulleys.

# 6.0 Meter range

The SKF Belt Frequency Meter is capable of measuring belt vibration frequencies between 10 Hz and 400 Hz.

If the measured frequency is below 10 Hz, the meter will display "10.00" briefly and then change to "000.0".

If the measured frequency is above 400 Hz, the meter will display "400" briefly and then change to "000".



On multi-shaft (three or more shafts) it may be possible to get valid measurements by selecting a different belt span for measurement. If the measured frequency is below 10 Hz choose an available shorter span. If the measured frequency is above 400 Hz choose a longer span if available.

Based upon the measured belt frequency, the meter is capable of calculating belt tensions up to 9 990 N (2 200 lb.). When these limits are exceeded the meter will react as previously described.

Belt tensions greater than these values are unusual. It is therefore advisable to check that the span and mass parameters have been entered correctly. If they are found to be correct then check the calculation of your target values. If everything looks correct then this drive is simply beyond the capacity of the SKF Belt Frequency Meter. The drive will have to be tensioned by traditional force and deflection techniques.

### Special Note:

Tensioning a drive generally involves moving one component shaft with respect to another.

On some drives, especially larger installations, tensioning the drive will involve sufficient movement that the span length is appreciably altered. Frequency (Hz) values will remain accurate but if a precise tension value is to be calculated it may become necessary to update the span input to reflect the new shaft spacing.

# 7.0 Calibration

## 7.1 Spot check

The measurement system of the SKF Belt Frequency Meter is based upon a very stable quartz crystal that should never wander. However, a precision mechanical resonator (tuning fork) is included with the meter so that a calibration check at a spot frequency of 250 Hz may be performed at any time.



Results within  $\pm 1\%$  are acceptable. There is no adjustment possible. If greater variance is experienced, the meter should be returned for calibration. See section 7.2 for manufacturer's contact information.





# 9.0 Formulae and conversions

## Force conversion constants

newton x 0,2248 = lb  
pound x 4,4482 = N  
kilogram x 9,8067 = N

## Length conversion constants

inch x 0,0254 = m  
metre x 39,3701 = in  
mm x 0,001 = m

## Span length calculation

$$S = \sqrt{CD^2 - \frac{(D - d)^2}{4}}$$

where:

S = Span length (mm)

CD = Centre distance (mm)

D = Large pulley diameter (mm)

d = Small pulley diameter (mm)

## Weight (for mass calculation use)

ounce x 0,02835 = kg  
pound x 0,45359 = kg

Reminder: Belt span and mass inputs to the meter must be in SI units, m for the belt span and kg/m for the belt mass.

# Appendix

## 1.0 Theory of operation

There is a direct relationship between belt tension and a belt's natural frequency of vibration. As the tension is increased, the vibration frequency also increases. The relationship between tension and frequency has been determined to be:

$$T = 4ml^2 f^2$$

Where

T = Belt tension (N)

m = mass per unit length (kg/m)

l = span length (m)

f = vibration frequency (Hz)

The SKF Belt Frequency Meter is a dual function tool. The optical sensing head uses an invisible infrared beam to detect vibration while the integral calculator determines the time base and performs the necessary calculations to support the results shown in the display window.

The meter may be used with all power transmission belts regardless of type or construction.

## 2.0 Limited Warranty

Limited Warranty Time of warranty is 12 months from date of original purchase provided that proper product registration has been completed. Product registration may be completed online at: [www.clavis.co.uk/skfbeltmeter](http://www.clavis.co.uk/skfbeltmeter)

Warranty covers defects in materials and workmanship for the device only. Warranty does not cover accessory items such as batteries and applies only to parts that were not damaged as a result of inappropriate handling or use. The warranty expires immediately if the device itself is opened. Unit must be returned to Integrated Display Systems Ltd (IDS) for evaluation of all warranty claims. Any SKF Belt Frequency Meter claimed to have a covered warranty condition involving material or workmanship shall, upon IDS's approval, be returned to IDS as designated, at the Customer's expense. Under no circumstances will liability exceed the original purchase price of the meter. IDS reserves the right to repair or replace the unit or to refund the original purchase price at their sole option.

Limitation of Warranty: IDS excludes any further liability for software, handbooks and information material. Furthermore, IDS does not accept liability for damages resulting from the use of the SKF Belt Frequency Meter.

IDS's total responsibility and liability for any and all claims, losses and damages of any kind whatsoever arising out of any cause whatsoever (whether under any warranty or based contract, negligence, other tort, strict liability, breach of warranty, other theory or otherwise) shall not exceed the original purchase price of the SKF Belt Frequency Meter in respect to which such cause arise, and in no event shall IDS be liable for special, incidental, consequential, exemplary, or punitive damages resulting from any such cause. No employee, agent and/or representative, promise or agreement, except as stated herein. IDS shall not be liable for, and customer assumes all liability for, all personal injury and property damage connected with the use of the product. There are no warranties which extend beyond the description on the face hereof, and IDS disclaims warranty of fitness for purpose or any other implied warranties.

Contact IDS Customer Service for warranty claims, product return procedure or technical information.

Integrated Display Systems Limited (IDS)  
Tel: +44 (0) 191 262 7869 Fax: +44 (0) 191 262 0091 [www.clavis.co.uk](http://www.clavis.co.uk)  
Information you will need to register warranty online (keep log for your records)

Date of Purchase \_\_\_\_\_

Serial Number (on back of unit) \_\_\_\_\_

Purchaser's Name \_\_\_\_\_

Purchaser's Mailing Address \_\_\_\_\_

E-mail (optional) \_\_\_\_\_

Purchased from \_\_\_\_\_

## 3.0 Weights and tension values

Timing belts					
Belt type	Belt type	Belt Tension		Mass	
		New belt	Run in belt		
		N	N	kg/m	
<b>HiTD</b>	5M 9	99	71	0,037	
	5M 15	174	124	0,061	
	5M 25	311	222	0,102	
	8M 20	372	266	0,128	
	8M 30	593	424	0,192	
	8M 50	1 037	741	0,320	
	8M 85	2 044	1 460	0,545	
	14M 40	1 297	926	0,429	
	14M 55	1 912	1 366	0,590	
	14M 85	3 142	2 244	0,911	
	14M 115	4 480	3 200	1,233	
	14M 170	7 139	5 099	1,823	
	<b>STPD</b>	S8M20	390	279	0,111
		S8M30	620	443	0,167
S8M50		1 110	793	0,278	
S8M85		2 030	1 450	0,473	
S14M40		1 340	957	0,462	
S14M55		1 925	1 375	0,634	
S14M85		3 165	2 261	0,981	
S14M115		4 465	3 189	1,327	
S14M170	6 975	4 982	1,962		
<b>Timing belts</b>	XL 025	13	11	0,014	
	XL 037	24	20	0,020	
	L050	51	41	0,043	
	L075	87	70	0,065	
	L 100	122	98	0,087	
	H075	220	176	0,084	
	H100	311	249	0,112	
	H150	485	388	0,168	
	H200	667	534	0,223	
	H300	1 045	836	0,335	
	XH 200	907	726	0,572	
	XH 300	1 428	1 142	0,858	
	XH 400	2 019	1 615	1,144	
	XXH 200	1 130	904	0,809	
XXH 300	1 748	1 398	1,213		
XXH 400	2 478	1 982	1,617		

Wrapped V, wedge and banded belts

Belt type	Smallest pulley diameter		Speed range		Belt tension per single belt*		Mass	
	over	incl.	over	incl.	New belt	Run in belt	Single belt	Belt in a band**
	mm		rpm		N	N	kg/m	
<b>Z</b>	40	60	1 000	2 500	104	69	0,060	n/a
			2 500	4 000	121	81		
	60 over		1 000	2 500	174	116		
			2 500	4 000	174	116		
<b>A</b>	75	90	1 000	2 500	332	222	0,108	0,150
			2 500	4 000	254	169		
	90	120	1 000	2 500	391	261		
			2 500	4 000	332	222		
	120	175	1 000	2 500	469	313		
			2 500	4 000	411	274		
<b>B</b>	105	140	860	2 500	469	313	0,187	0,260
			2 500	4 000	391	261		
	140	220	860	2 500	567	378		
			2 500	4 000	528	352		
<b>C</b>	175	230	500	1 740	1 017	678	0,310	0,417
			1 740	3 000	841	561		
	230	400	500	1 740	1 251	834		
			1 740	3 000	1 115	743		
<b>D</b>	305	400	200	850	2 210	1 473	0,635	0,870
			850	1 500	1 877	1 251		
	400	510	200	850	2 698	1 799		
			850	1 500	2 268	1 512		
<b>SPZ</b>	56	79	1 000	2 500	338	226	0,079	n/a
			2 500	4 000	262	175		
	79	95	1 000	2 500	383	255		
			2 500	4 000	415	276		
	95 over		1 000	2 500	477	318		
			2 500	4 000	438	292		
<b>SPA</b>	71	105	1 000	2 500	575	383	0,134	0,155
			2 500	4 000	524	349		
	105	140	1 000	2 500	696	464		
			2 500	4 000	628	418		
	140 over		1 000	2 500	872	581		
			2 500	4 000	876	584		
<b>SPB</b>	107	159	860	2 500	978	652	0,208	0,268
			2 500	4 000	941	627		
	159	250	860	2 500	1 255	837		
			2 500	4 000	1 116	744		
	250 over		860	2 500	1 496	997		
			2 500	4 000	1 275	850		

Wrapped V, wedge and banded belts

Belt type	Smallest pulley diameter		Speed range		Belt tension per single belt*		Mass	
	over	incl.	over	incl.	New belt	Run in belt	Single belt	Belt in a band**
	mm		rpm		N	N	kg/m	
<b>SPC</b>	200	355	500	1 740	2 026	1 350	0,380	0,440
			1 740	3 000	2 043	1 362		
	355 over		500	1 740	2 305	1 537		
			1 740	3 000	2 671	1 781		
<b>3V</b>	61	90	1 000	2 500	313	209	0,076	0,102
			2 500	4 000	274	182		
	90	175	1 000	2 500	430	287		
			2 500	4 000	391	261		
<b>5V</b>	171	275	500	1 740	1 134	756	0,223	0,272
			1 740	3 000	997	665		
	275	500	500	1 740	1 369	912		
			1 740	3 000	1 291	860		
<b>8V</b>	315	430	200	850	2 933	1 955	0,545	0,616
			850	1 500	2 386	1 590		
	430	570	200	850	3 520	2 346		
			850	1 500	3 129	2 086		

\* Multiply the belt tension required for a single belt by the number of the belts in the banded belt unit to get total tension to apply.

\*\* Multiply the mass of one belt in a band by the number of the belts in the banded belt unit to get total mass to apply.

Cogged raw edge V, wedge and banded belts

Belt type	Smallest pulley diameter		Speed range		Belt tension per single belt*		Mass	
	over	incl.	over	incl.	New belt	Run in belt	Single belt	Belt in a band**
	mm		rpm		N	N	kg/m	
<b>ZX</b>	40	60	1 000	2 500	119	80	0,058	n/a
			2 500	4 000	139	93		
	60 over		1 000	2 500	199	133		
			2 500	4 000	199	133		
<b>AX</b>	75	90	1 000	2 500	372	248	0,110	0,153
			2 500	4 000	293	196		
	90	120	1 000	2 500	450	300		
			2 500	4 000	391	261		
	120	175	1 000	2 500	508	339		
			2 500	4 000	450	300		

**Cogged raw edge V, wedge and banded belts**

Belt type	Smallest pulley diameter		Speed range		Belt tension per single belt*		Mass	
	over	incl.	over	incl.	New belt	Run in belt	Single belt	Belt in a band**
	mm		rpm		N	N	kg/m	
BX	85	105	860	2 500	430	287	0,180	0,225
			2 500	4 000	372	248		
	105	140	860	2 500	626	417		
			2 500	4 000	547	365		
140	220	860	2 500	763	508			
		2 500	4 000	645	430			
CX	175	230	500	1 740	1 310	873	0,329	0,398
			1 740	3 000	1 056	704		
	230	400	500	1 740	1 408	939		
1 740			3 000	1 291	860			
XPZ	56	79	1 000	2 500	362	241	0,068	n/a
			2 500	4 000	299	199		
	79	95	1 000	2 500	438	292		
			2 500	4 000	418	279		
95 over		1 000	2 500	499	332			
		2 500	4 000	469	313			
XPA	71	105	1 000	2 500	657	438	0,127	0,156
			2 500	4 000	598	399		
	105	140	1 000	2 500	796	531		
			2 500	4 000	718	478		
140 over		1 000	2 500	997	665			
		2 500	4 000	897	598			
XPB	107	159	860	2 500	1 116	744	0,232	0,279
			2 500	4 000	1 075	717		
	159	250	860	2 500	1 435	957		
			2 500	4 000	1 330	886		
250 over		860	2 500	1 596	1 064			
		2 500	4 000	1 455	970			
XPC	200	355	500	1 740	2 313	1 542	0,347	0,548
			1 740	3 000	2 333	1 555		
	355 over		500	1 740	2 632	1 755		
1 740			3 000	3 050	2 034			
3VX	55	60	1 000	2 500	293	196	0,065	0,102
			2 500	4 000	254	169		
	60	90	1 000	2 500	372	248		
			2 500	4 000	332	222		
90	175	1 000	2 500	469	313			
		2 500	4 000	430	287			

**Cogged raw edge V, wedge and banded belts**

Belt type	Smallest pulley diameter		Speed range		Belt tension per single belt*		Mass	
	over	incl.	over	incl.	New belt	Run in belt	Single belt	Belt in a band**
	mm		rpm		N	N	kg/m	
5VX	110	170	1 000	2 500	899	600	0,183	0,252
			2 500	4 000	489	326		
	170	275	500	1 740	1 310	873		
			1 740	3 001	1 212	808		
275	400	500	1 740	1 525	1 017			
		1 740	3 001	1 486	991			

\* Multiply the belt tension required for a single belt by the number of the belts in the banded belt unit to get total tension to apply.

\*\* Multiply the mass of one belt in a band by the number of the belts in the banded belt unit to get total mass to apply.

**Ribbed belts**

Belt type	Smallest pulley diameter	Speed range	Belt tension per one rib*		Mass** Single belt
			New belt	Run in belt	
			N	N	
mm	rpm			kg/m	
PJ	<80	n/a	67	45	0,010
			90	60	
PK	<95	n/a	139	93	0,018
			178	119	
PL	<150	n/a	216	144	0,057
			312	208	
PM	<250	n/a	672	448	0,120
			912	608	

\* Multiply the belt tension required for one rib by the number of the ribs in the ribbed belt unit to get total tension to apply.

\*\* Multiply the mass of one rib by the number of the ribs in the ribbed belt to get total mass to apply.

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